

Cambridge International Examinations

Cambridge Ordinary Level

PRINCIPLES OF ACCOUNTS

7110/21

Paper 2 May/June 2017

MARK SCHEME
Maximum Mark: 120

Ρı	ıh	lie	he	Ы
Гι	JU	uэ	116	u

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2017 series for most Cambridge IGCSE[®], Cambridge International A and AS Level and Cambridge Pre-U components, and some Cambridge O Level components.

 ${\rm \rlap{R}\hskip-1pt B}$ IGCSE is a registered trademark.

CAMBRIDGE
International Examinations

This document consists of 9 printed pages.

[Turn over

Question					Ans	wer				Marks
1(a)	Adam account									5
		ate	Details	\$		Date	Details	\$		
	Ap 11		Purchase returns	80	(1)	2017 April 1	Balance b/d	1500		
	28		Bank	1455	(1)	April 9	Purchases	960	(1)	
			Discount received	45	(1)					
	30)	Balance c/d	880						
				2460				2460		
						May 1	Balance b/d	880	(1)of	
1(b)		edit no	es journal / dayl ote (1) es (1)	oook (1)						3
1(c)(i)	To enco Allowed	ourag I to bi	ourchases in bull e regular custor usinesses in sar nother trader to r	n ne trade	ofit					1
	Other va	alid a	inswers accepte	d			Or	ne point ·	(1) mark	
1(c)(ii)	Encoura	age p	wift payment payment within the payment by the			riod of c	redit			1
	Other va	alid a	inswers accepte	d			0	ne point	· (1) mark	

Question			An	swer			Marks		
1(d)	Cash Book (bank columns)								
	Date	Details	\$	Date	Details	\$			
	2017		·	2017					
	April 1	Balance b/d	490	April 11	XYZ Supplies Ltd	450			
	5	Rent receivable	200	14	West Electricity	325			
	18	Cash sales	640	17	The Repair Company	175			
	30	Cash sales	510	27	Cash	90			
	30	Commission	250 (1)	28	Adam	1455			
		Dividend	15 (1)	30	United utilities	150 (1)			
		Balance c/d	<u>540</u>						
			<u> 2645</u>			<u>2645</u>			
				May 1	Balance b/d	540			
						(1 o/f))			
1(e)		Bank F	Reconciliation	Statemen	t at 30 April 201	7	4		
				\$	\$				
	Balance (on bank stateme	ent	Ψ	730	Credit			
	Plus								
	Cash sale	es banked but n	ot recorded	<u>510</u> (1	I)				
					1240				
	Less								
		nted cheque: We	est Electricity						
	Adam			1455 (1					
	D. I		1-		1780	0			
	Balance a	as per cash bool	K		540	Credit (1)of			
1(f)		1) is an arrangerount on agreed o		nstructs the	e bank to transfe	er money from a	2		
						Total:	20		

Question		Ans	swer					Marks
2(a)		Genera	l jourr	nal				10
		Details		Dr		Cr		
				\$		\$		
		rawings		500	(1)			
	В	ank				500	(1)	
	-	ung		270	(1)			
		ales		210	(1)	270	(1)	
		uspense		300	(1)			
		iscount allowed				150	(1)	
	ן ט	iscount received				150	both	
	W	Vages		210	(1)			
		General expenses		210	(.)	210	(1)	
		1						
		ales		800	(1)			
	l D	isposal / sale of non-current asset				800	(1)	
2(b)	Revision of profit for the year ended 31 March 2017							
_(~)		Treviolen or promites the y		ncrease		crease		6
				\$		\$	\$	
	 	Draft profit for the year					9200	1
	1	No entries had been made in the	No (effect (1)		_		
		books in respect of \$500 which Hong had withdrawn from the				_		
		bank for his personal use.				_		
	2	Goods sold on credit to Tung,	2	270 (1)				
		\$960, had been recorded in the				_		
	3	sales journal as \$690. Discount received, \$150, had		300 (1)				4
	3	been debited to the discount		500 (1)		_		
		allowed account.				_		
	4	A payment of wages, \$210, had	No	effect (1)				
		been posted to the general				_		
	5	expenses account. A sale of fixtures and fittings, at			91	00 (1)		{
		book value of \$800, received by			0	00 (1)		
		cheque, had been recorded in the						
		sales account.						4
	ı			570		800		11
		Revised profit for the year					8970	
			<u> </u>				(1)of	J

© UCLES 2017 Page 4 of 9

Question	Answer	Marks
2(c)(i)	Compensating error There are two separate and independent errors in the books (1) The effect of those errors is that combined they cancel each other out (1)	2
2(c)(ii)	Error of principle The entries are made using the correct amount and on the correct side (1) One of the entries is posted incorrectly to the wrong class of account. (1)	2
	Total:	20

Question		A	nswer			Marks
3(a)	Statement of Ch		_imited ty for the year	ended 30 April	2017	8
		Ordinary share capital	General Reserve	Retained Profits	Total	
		\$	\$	\$	\$	
	Balance at 1 May 2016	150 000	75 000	410 000	635 000	
	Share issues	50 000 (1)			50 000	
	Profit for the year			90 000 (1)	90 000	
	Transfer to general reserve		50 000 (1)	(50 000)	-	
	Dividend paid(interim)			(10 000) (1)	(10 000)	
	Dividend paid (final)			(20 000) (1)	(20 000)	
	Balance at 30 April					
	2017	200 000	125 000	420 000	745 000	
			(1 o/f)	(1 o/f)	(1 o/f)	
3(b)	Stateme	ent of Financial	B Limited Position (extra	act) at 30 April	2017	6
			\$	\$		
	Equity and reserves					
	Ordinary shares of \$	\$1 each		200 000		
	General reserve Retained profits			200 000)of)of	(1)	
		-	•	545 000		
	Total equity			745 000	` '	
	Non-current liabilitie	es .		80 000	_ (1)	
	Debentures			825 000	_ (1)of	

Question		Answer					
3(c)		Ordinary share capital		Preference share capital		Max 4	
		1	If business wound up receive funds after liabilities and preference shares (1)	If business wound up receive funds after liabilities (1)			
		2	Second call on profits for dividend (1)	First call on profits for dividend (1)			
	-	3	No maximum dividend (1)	Maximum percentage dividend (1)			
	-	4	Voting rights (1)	Not normally voting rights (1)			
	Accept	t oth	ner valid points				
3(d)	Funds Profits	Retains funds in the business (1) Funds retained for major expenditure such as purchasing non-current assets. (1) Profits 'ploughed back' for business to grow. (1) Profits held for emergencies / contingencies (1) 2 points · (1)			Max 2		
					otal:	20	

		Answer					
Cost of sales 240 000 · $\frac{100 \text{ (1)}}{100 + 125}$ = \$192 000 (1)							
Profit for the year 24	Profit for the year 240 000 – 192 000 = 48 000 (1) – 35 000 =\$ 13 000 (1)						
Gross profit/sales (Gross profit margin) Rate of inventory turnover Working capital ratio (Current ratio) Quick ratio (acid test	Workings 48 000 (1of) · 100 240 000 192 000 of (27 000 + 21 000)/2 (1) 21 000 + 16 000 + 2 000 (1) 20 000 16 000 + 2 000 (1)	31 March 2017 20.00% (1 o/f) 8 times (1of) 1.95:1 (1)	31 March 2016 15.00% 5.33 times 3.15:1	8			
The profit margin on each costs (1) / or a change in The quick ratio has important may be due to increase current liabilities (1).	20 000 ch sales has increased due to incomproduct mix (1). roved and is close to the recommenase in bank account / trade receive	reased prices ended levels of ables or reduc	of 1:1 (1). tion in	Max 4			
	Gross profit/sales (Gross profit margin) Rate of inventory turnover Working capital ratio (Current ratio) Quick ratio (acid test ratio) The profit margin on eac costs (1) / or a change in The quick ratio has impl This may be due to incre current liabilities (1).	Profit for the year 240 000 – 192 000 = 48 000 (1) – 35 Workings Gross profit/sales (Gross profit margin) 240 000 Rate of inventory 192 000 of (27 000 + 21 000)/2 (1) Working capital ratio (Current ratio) 20 000 Quick ratio (acid test ratio) 16 000 + 2 000 (1) Quick ratio (acid test ratio) 20 000 The profit margin on each sales has increased due to inccosts (1) / or a change in product mix (1). The quick ratio has improved and is close to the recommentary trade receiv current liabilities (1).	Profit for the year 240 000 – 192 000 = 48 000 (1) – 35 000 =\$ 13 000 Workings 31 March 2017 Gross profit/sales 48 000 (10f) · 100 20.00% (Gross profit margin) 240 000 (1 o/f) Rate of inventory 192 000 of 8 times turnover (27 000 + 21 000)/2 (1) (10f) Working capital ratio (21 000 + 16 000 + 2 000 (1) 1.95:1 (1) (Current ratio) 20 000 Quick ratio (acid test ratio) 16 000 + 2 000 (1) 0.9:1 (1) The profit margin on each sales has increased due to increased prices costs (1) / or a change in product mix (1). The quick ratio has improved and is close to the recommended levels of this may be due to increase in bank account / trade receivables or reductive trade in product mix (1). (1) Mark for commenting on each percentage or ratio and (1) mark for reason to the recommended levels of t	Profit for the year 240 000 – 192 000 = 48 000 (1) – 35 000 =\$ 13 000 (1) Workings 31 March 2017 2016			

© UCLES 2017 Page 6 of 9

Question	Answer						Marks		
4(d)		Pro	Profit for the year Working capital						4
		increase	decrease	no effect	increase	decrease	no effect		
	1			✓	✓				
	2	✓					✓		
	3		✓		✓				
	<u> </u>				·			Total:	20

© UCLES 2017 Page 7 of 9

Question		Answer		Mark				
5(a)	Bik Income statement for the year ended 28 February 2017							
	Devenue	\$ \$	\$ 440,000 (4)					
	Revenue		410 000 (1)					
	Returns	-	(15 600) 394 400					
	Inventory 1 March 2016	24 050	(1)					
	Purchases	216 800	(1)					
	Returns	(9 550)	(1)					
	recarro	207 250	(.,					
		231 300						
	Inventory 30 Feb 2017	(20 700)	(1)					
	Cost of sales	(20 700)						
		-	(210 600) (1)of+w 183 800					
	Gross profit		103 000					
	Plus							
	Other income:							
	Rent receivable		18 000					
	(15 000 (1) + 3 000 (1))	-	18 000					
	1		201 800					
	Less expenses:	74.000	(4)					
	Administration expenses	71 000	(1)					
	Insurance	6 800	(1)					
	Electricity	10 200	(1)					
	Staff salaries	54.700						
	(59 700 (1) – 8 000 (1))	51 700	(4)					
	Advertising expenses	27 500	(1)					
	General expenses	10.000	(4)					
	(14 600 + 5 000)	19 600	(1)					
	Depreciation:	4.500	445					
	Leasehold buildings	4 500	(1)					
	Shop fixtures	4 800	(1)					
	Computers equipment	5 400	(1)					
	Disposal	6 000	(1)					
	Loan interest	4 800	(1)					
	Bad debts	2 500	(1)					
	Increase in							
	Provision for doubtful debts	500_	(1)					
			(215 300)					
	Loss for the year		(13 500)					

Question		Answ	er			Marks			
5(b)	Statement of Financial Position at 28 February 2017								
		\$ Cost	\$ Accumulated depreciation	\$ Net book					
	Non-current assets			value					
	Leasehold buildings	90 000	18 000	72 000	(1of)				
	Shop fixtures	32 000	18 800	13 200	(1of)				
	Computer equipment	60 000	47 400	12 600	(1of)				
		182 000	84 200	97 800	(1)				
	Current assets		00.700		(4)				
	Inventory Trade receivables (34 500-2 500)	32 000	20 700		(1) (1)				
	Less Provision for doubtful debts	(1 600)							
			30 400		(1)of				
	Other receivables Bank		3 000		(1)				
	(20 500 (1) – 8 000 (1))		<u>12 500</u>						
				66 600					
				164 400					
	Capital at 1 March 2016			100 000					
	Loss for the year			(13 500)	(1of)				
				86 500					
	Drawings (9 500 (1) + 8 000 (1))			(17 500)					
				69 000					
	Current liabilities								
	Trade payables		25 600		(1)				
	Accruals (4 800 (1) + 5 000 (1))		9 800						
	8% Bank loan (repayable 31 December 2017)		<u>60 000</u>		(1)				
	·			95 400					
				164 400					
					Total:	4			